Declaration of Interests

This guideline update will follow the full NICE policy and guidance for declaring pecuniary and nonpecuniary interests. A NICE 'quick guide' to declaring interests is provided below this form. Declarations of interest are updated annually, and by all attendees at every Guideline Development Group meeting.

Please note that your declaration may be made publicly available

I hereby declare the following interests in the healthcare industry.

Personal pecuniary interest (see description below)
Description (if you have no interests in this category, state 'None')
Personal family interest (see description below)
Description (if you have no interests in this category, state 'None')
Non-personal pecuniary interest (see description below)
Description (if you have no interests in this category, state 'None')
Personal non-pecuniary interest (see description below)
Description (if you have no interests in this category, state 'None')

Signature (it is sufficient to use an e-signature or to type your name):

.....

Name:

.....

Date:

~

Data Protection Act 1998 – The information submitted will be held by King's College London for personnel or other reasons specified on this form and to comply with the university's policies. This information may be held in both manual and computer form in accordance with the Data Protection Act 1998. Information may be disclosed to third parties in accordance with the Freedom of Information Act 2000.

NICE policy and guidance for declaring pecuniary and non-pecuniary interests states that members of, or those who work with, advisory committees must consider whether or not they have any interests that could conflict with their role. The following chart gives an overview of what may constitute a conflict of interest, and what course of action should be followed. It is only intended as a general guide and should be used in conjunction with the full policy, which is available from the NICE website (https://www.nice.org.uk/Media/Default/About/Who-we-are/Policies-and-procedures/declaration-of-interests-policy.pdf).

Do you have a personal pecuniary interest?

In the last 12 months have you received, or do you plan to receive, a financial payment or other benefit from either the manufacturer or the owner of the product or service under consideration by NICE, or the industry or sector from which the product or service comes? This could include:

- holding a directorship, or other paid position
- carrying out consultancy or fee paid work
- having shareholdings or other beneficial interests
- receiving expenses and hospitality over and above what would be reasonably expected to attend meetings and conferences

Do you have a personal family interest?

In the last 12 months, has a member of your family received, or do they plan to receive, a financial payment or other benefit from the healthcare industry? This could include:

- holding a directorship, or other paid position
- carrying out consultancy or fee paid work
- having shareholdings or other beneficial interests
- receiving expenses and hospitality over and above what would be reasonably expected to attend meetings and conferences

Do you have a non-personal pecuniary interest?

Do you have managerial responsibility for a department or organisation that has received a financial payment, or other benefit, in the last 12 months relating to either the product or service under consideration, or the manufacturer or the owner of the product or service. This could include:

- a grant or fellowship or other payment to sponsor a post, or contribute to the running costs of the department
- commissioning of research or other work
- contracts with, or grants from, NICE

or do you plan to receive such a payment or other benefit in the future?

Do you have a personal non-pecuniary interest?

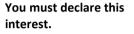
Have you expressed a clear opinion on the matter under consideration which has been:

- reached as a conclusion of a research project
 - and/or expressed as a public statement?

Or are you part of a professional organisation or advocacy group with a direct interest in the matter under consideration?

Or is there another reason why people might think you could be biased when giving advice or considering the evidence?



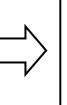


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If the payment relates specifically to the product or service under consideration, you will have to withdraw.



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You will still be able to participate, unless the chair of the advisory body rules otherwise.



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